

SOCIAL SCIENCE X std

ANSWER KEY

I Choose the correct answer

(14x1=14)

1. a) Chamberlain
2. b) Russia
3. c) Both (A) and (R) are correct and (R) is the correct explanation of (A)
4. a) Dayananda Saraswathi
5. b) 28, 8
6. c) Jute
7. c) Maharashtra
8. d) Petroleum
9. c) Article 360
10. a) b
11. c) President
12. b) Value added approach
13. b) Sultan of Golconda
14. c) Tamilnadu.

II Answer any ten

(10x2 = 20)

15. England - Jingoism
France - Chauvinism
Germany - Kultur.

16. Term used to describe the policy of the USA in maintaining and dominating over distant lands through economic aid.
17. US - Capitalist - first world
Soviet Union - Communist - Second world.
Outside these two - third world.
18. Sati, polygamy, Child marriage.
19. Afghanistan, Pakistan, China, Nepal, Bhutan, Bangladesh, Myanmar.
20. Summer season
Winter season
NE monsoon
SW monsoon.
21. Subsistence, shifting, Intensive, Dry, Mixed, Terrace.
22. Anthracite - 80-90%.
Bituminous - 60-80%.
Lignite - 40-60%.
Peat - < 40
23. Order or command issued by the court in writing under its seal.
24. Cabinet minister
Minister of state
Deputy minister.

25. * Should be citizen of India.
 * Should complete age of 35 years.
26. * Study of Public sector
 * Estimate the purchasing power.
27. * Standard of living increased.
 * Increases the GDP of a country.
28. The tension and rivalry between USSR and US.

II Answer any ten

10x5 = 50

29. Fill in the blanks

- i) Vivekanandha
- ii) Pamir knot
- iii) 1872
- iv) 26 Jan 1950
- v) New Economic policy.

30. Effects of WWII

- * New geo-political power alignment
- * Nuclear proliferation
- * International agencies.
- * Decolonization.

31. i) Germany was found guilty.
 ii) Army reduced to 1,00,000 soldiers

iii) Austria, Germany union forbidden.

iv) Alsace Lorraine was returned to France.

v) Poland was recreated.

32. a) Distinguish between.

i) Weather	Climate
* Day to day condition of atmosphere. * Study of weather is called Meteorology.	* Average state of weather * Study is called Climatology.
ii Renewable	Non - Renewable
* Replenishable * Used again and again * eg. Sun,	* Non-replenishable * Cannot be used again * Coal, petrol
b) <u>Give reason</u>	
* $\frac{2}{3}$ of population depend directly on agriculture.	

33. * Ramakrishna primary achievement was to attract educated youth.
- * Vivekanandha established Ramakrishna mission
- * Involved in social causes like, education, health care, disasters.
- * Vivekanandha's idea bred a sense of self confidence - Rekindled the desire for political change

34. * Largest drainage system - Ganga plain the most populated - Ganga originated from Gangotri glacier. Tributaries are Gomti, Ghaghara, Kosi, Gogra, Yamuna, Son, Chambal. - the combined rivers Ganga + Brahmaputra creates Sunderbans.

- 35.
- i) Shortage of power supply
 - ii) Non-availability of land
 - iii) Poor access of credit
 - iv) High rate of interest on loan
 - v) Non-availability of cheap labour.

36. * The most significant feature of Indian climate influenced by El Niño.

* Burst of monsoon

* Two branches * Bay of Bengal
 * Arabian sea.

* Heaviest rainfall region Mawsynram in Meghalaya.

* 75% of rainfall is received by this.

37. * The longest written Constitution in the world.

* Partly rigid, partly flexible

* Federal system of government

* Secular state

* Independent Judiciary.

38. *
- * Formulates & decides policies
 - * Sponsors all important bills.
 - * Controls financial policy.
 - * Makes appointment with heads of the department
 - * Decides whether the bill is ordinary.

39. Advantages:

1. Produces same quality of goods at lower cost.
2. Increases purchasing power.
3. Advantage of tax variation
4. Employment

Disadvantages

- 1) Develops monopoly
- 2) Detrimental effect on environment.
- 3) Leads downfall of small & local business
- 4) Breaches ethical standard.

40. Gross National Product

Net National Product

Gross Domestic Product

Net Domestic Product

Per Capita income

Personal Income

Disposable Income.

- At.
- 1914 - Outbreak of World War I
 - 1917 - Russian Revolution
 - 1918 - End of WWI
 - 1919 - Treaty of Versailles
 - 1920 - Establishment of League of Nations.

WHB) a) Causes of WWI:

- i) European Alliances and counter alliances
- ii) Violent form of Nationalism
- iii) Aggressive attitude of German Emperor
- iv) Hostility of France towards Germany
- v) Imperial power politics in Balkans.
- vi) Balkan Wars
- vii) Immediate cause.

b). Northern Mountains:

The Trans Himalayas

The Himalayas

- x Greater Himalayas
- x Lesser Himalayas
- x Outer Himalayas

Purvanchal Hills.

Importance:

- i) Causes heavy rainfall

ii) Natural Barrier

(8)

iii) Source of Perennial rivers

iv) Tourist Paradise

v) Raw material for forest industry.

Scoring Key:

Q.No: 1-14 and Q.No: 29 with five subquestion either one mark or 0 to be awarded.

15-28 → 2 mark to be awarded for perfect answer and marks to be reduced accordingly

Q.No 32 → ^{any} 2 controversial points to be awarded 2 mark each and marks to be reduced accordingly.

32b → One mark for the correct answer.

Q.No: 29-40 → 5 marks to be awarded for perfect answer and marks should be reduced accordingly.

41 → Any 5 incident with the correct year with the Box.

43 a & b → 8 marks to be awarded for perfect answer. marks to be reduced according to error.

41 & 44 → Approximate location of the place is to be awarded one mark each.

Signature of the teachers handling

1 M. Shammugathani.

2. STU

3. Prof. G. S.

4. A. S. S. S.

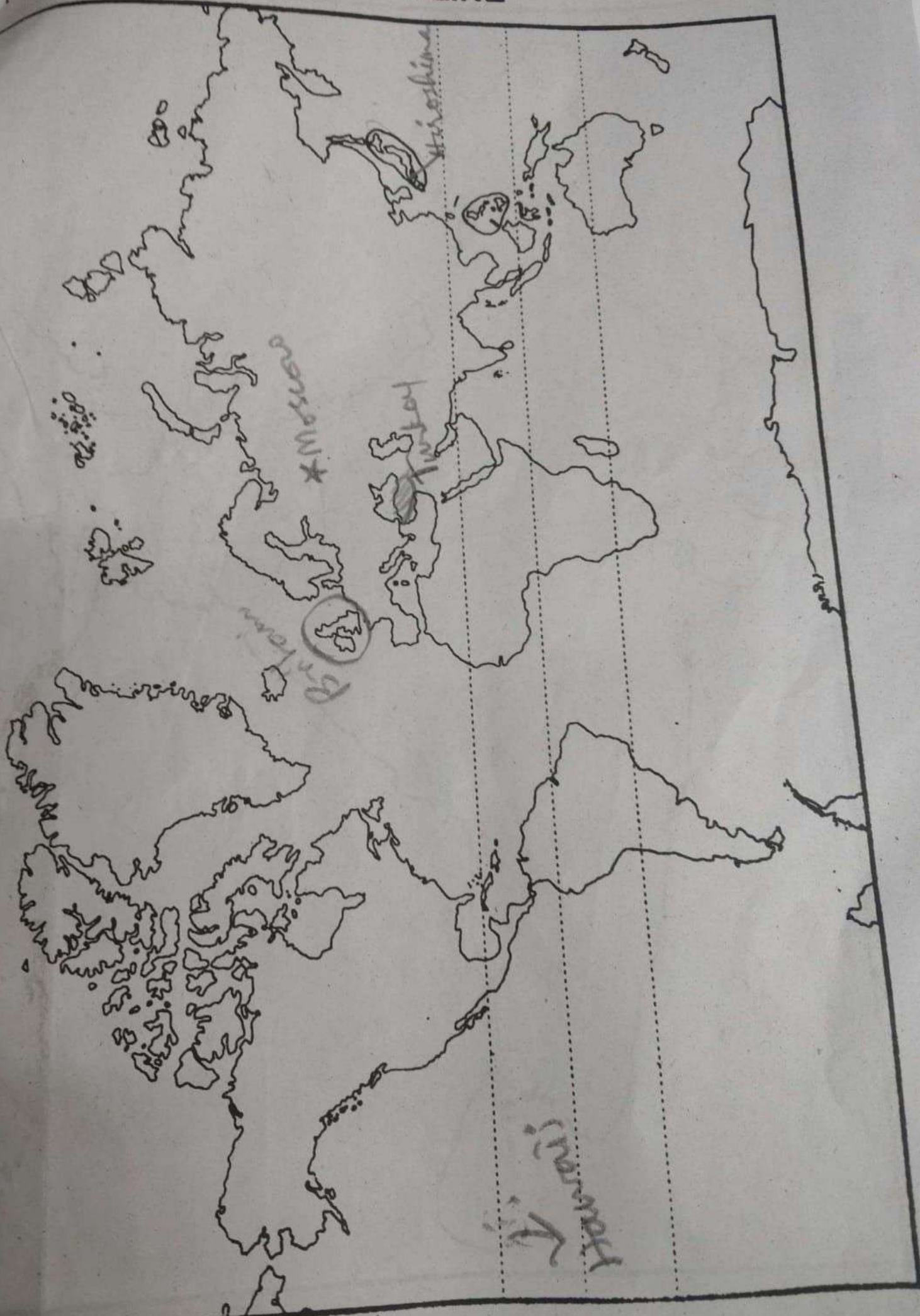
5. Alma Maheswari
24/9/26

6. Y. S. S. S.
24/9/26

7. (S. S. S.)
24/9/26

M. Matt
24/9/26

WORLD OUTLINE



INDIA OUTLINE

